

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

District of

Delaware

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V.

Eddy Lora a/k/a Luis Perry  
*Defendant*

## ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Case *06-127m-MPT*

In accordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f), a detention hearing has been held. I conclude that the following facts require the detention of the defendant pending trial in this case.

## Part I—Findings of Fact

- (1) The defendant is charged with an offense described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) and has been convicted of a  federal offense  state or local offense that would have been a federal offense if a circumstance giving rise to federal jurisdiction had existed that is  a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4).  an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death.  an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in \_\_\_\_\_ \*
- a felony that was committed after the defendant had been convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or local offenses.
- (2) The offense described in finding (1) was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a federal, state or local offense.
- (3) A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the  date of conviction  release of the defendant from imprisonment for the offense described in finding (1).
- (4) Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of (an) other person(s) and the community. I further find that the defendant has not rebutted this presumption.

## Alternative Findings (A)

- (1) There is probable cause to believe that the defendant has committed an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in \_\_\_\_\_  under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c).
- (2) The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by finding 1 that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community.

## Alternative Findings (B)

- X (1) There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.
- X (2) There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the safety of another person or the community.
- \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Part II—Written Statement of Reasons for Detention

I find that the credible testimony and information submitted at the hearing establishes by X clear and convincing evidence X a preponderance of the evidence: Defendant is charged with illegal re-entry after deportation for an aggravated felony conviction. Defendant did not oppose the government's motion for detention at this time, reserving the right to do so at a later time which was granted. In addition to defendant's non-opposition, the court finds that there are no conditions or combination thereof that will reasonably assure defendant's appearance as required and the safety of the community for the following reasons:

1. The evidence against defendant is substantial. There is no record of any request to re-enter the US and defendant's identity was confirmed through finger prints. Defendant acknowledged that he was deported after being arrested in NY in 1998 and subsequently convicted of criminal sale of a controlled substance 3<sup>rd</sup> degree for which he was sentenced to 1 to 3 years imprisonment. He was not paroled to US immigration until 2000. He has no family in De. His mother lives in the Dominican Republic his native land. He has three children by three different women scattered throughout the US and the Dominican Republic.

2. He is unemployed, nor can he work since the evidence suggests that he is illegally in the US, but that raises the question as to how defendant is supporting himself in the US.

3. ICE has filed a detainer.



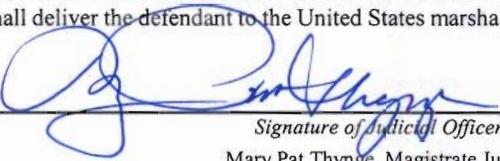
**Part III—Directions Regarding Detention**

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

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November 13, 2006

Date

  
*Signature of Judicial Officer*

Mary Pat Thyng, Magistrate Judge

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*Name and Title of Judicial Officer*

\*Insert as applicable: (a) Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 *et seq.*); (b) Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951 *et seq.*); or (c) Section 1 of Act of Sept. 15, 1980 (21 U.S.C. § 955a).